

General Cognitive Assessment CAB

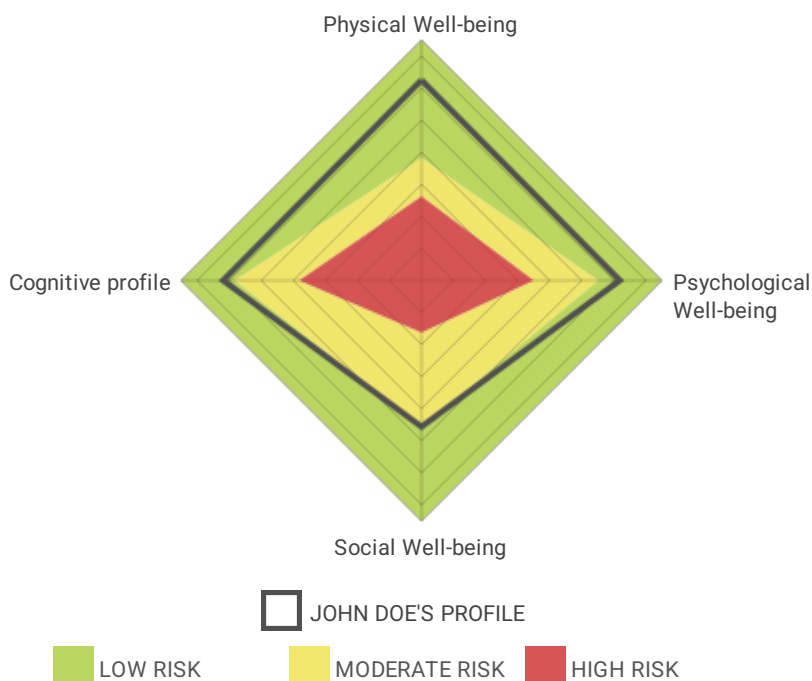
results report

**JOHN
DOE**

DATE OF ASSESSMENT: 04/09/25

DATE OF BIRTH: 19/08/1986

AGE: 39





HIGH COGNITIVE PERFORMANCE

John Doe's Results



ASSESSMENT

WELL-BEING INDICATORS

17/22

High indices of general well-being have been detected.

Optimal range: 14-22
Score: 17

COGNITIVE PROFILE

18 /22

High indices of cognitive performance have been detected.

Optimal range: 17-22
Score: 18

EVALUATED INDICATORS

RESULTS

✓ Physical well-being	High
✓ Psychological well-being	High
! Social well-being	Medium
✓ Cognitive profile	High



CONCLUSIONS

- While John Doe has shown to have good cognitive well-being, we recommend training weakened cognitive skills and continuing to practice healthy lifestyle habits.
- We recommend starting a personalized brain training program from CogniFit.



DESCRIPTION OF THE GENERAL COGNITIVE ASSESSMENT (CAB)

John Doe took the General Cognitive Assessment (CAB) on 04/09/25 at 39 years-old.

The General Cognitive Assessment (CAB) from CogniFit is a complete cognitive test designed to help detect the cognitive state in people through online cognitive tests. This General Cognitive Assessment (CAB), which evaluates cognitive functions has been used by millions of users over the last 15 years.

This neurocognitive assessment tool helps evaluate a wide range of cognitive abilities and healthy habits that are closely related to correct cognitive functioning.

The automated report from this cognitive evaluation provides conclusions on the functioning of the different brain areas and functions.

THE CAB REPORT HAS THREE MAIN PARTS:

01

WELL-BEING INDICATORS

The answers from the questionnaire will be focused on the following areas:

- Physical Well-being
- Psychological Well-being
- Social Well-being

02

COGNITIVE PROFILE

In this section, you will see a circular diagram next to each evaluated area, which will indicate the user's score based on their percentile and normalized for their age and gender. For example, a score of 500 would be calculated depending on the user's age group. CogniFit's values are calculated in percentiles but are shown adjusted on a scale of 0-800. As such, the higher score, the better.

Green: Cognitive strengths

Yellow: Below-average cognitive skills

Red: Cognitive weaknesses

03

CONCLUSIONS

At the end of the report, you will find:

- A description of the user's physical well-being index, psychological well-being, and implications on the cognitive profile.
- Specific recommendations and a personalized plan of action.

01 WELL-BEING INDICATORS

The concept of quality of life is a wide concept that encompasses physical, mental, social, material, emotional, and cognitive well-being. Proper functioning of cognitive performance is the product of a number of factors like nutrition, sleep, external stimuli, occupation, or studies. The WHO defines health as: "A state of complete physical, mental and social well-being and not merely the absence of disease or infirmity." CogniFit is an online prevention and cognitive health instrument.



JOHN DOE IS
IN GOOD PHYSICAL
AND COGNITIVE
HEALTH.

5/6

PHYSICAL WELL-BEING

GOOD WELL-BEING

Recent studies have provided valuable information to help us understand the close relationship between physical and mental well-being. Sleep, diet, and exercise are all factors that determine physical well-being and condition proper cognitive function.

9/11

PSYCHOLOGICAL WELL-BEING

GOOD WELL-BEING

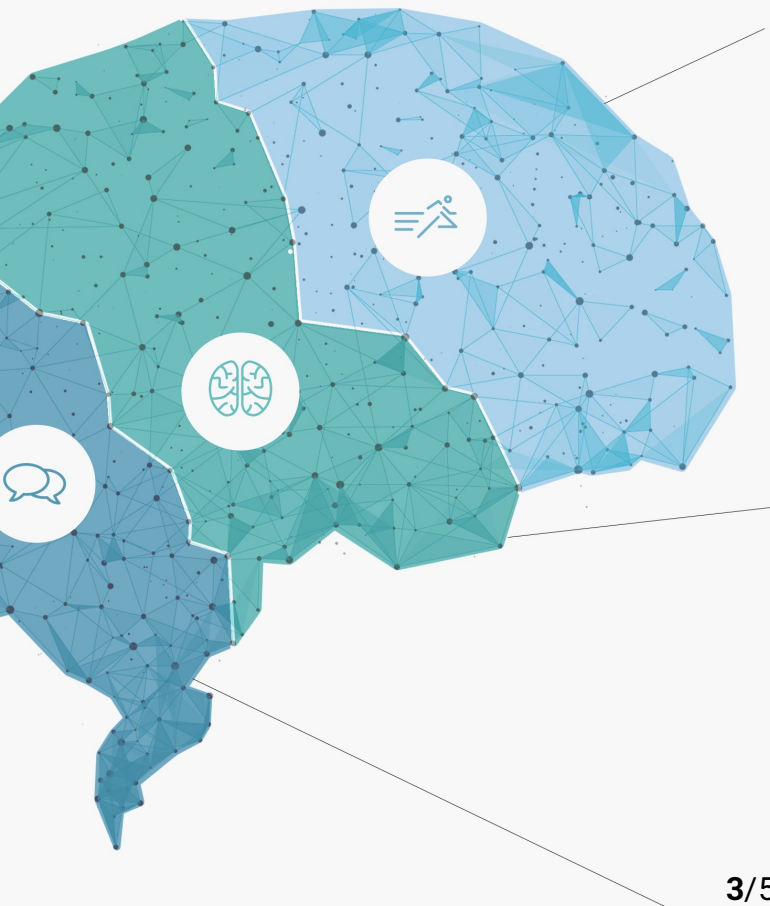
Psychological well-being would include cognitive, affective and emotional aspects in the different areas of human life.

3/5

SOCIAL WELL-BEING

MODERATE WELL-BEING

A rich and consistent social life can help cognitive and mental health. Being with other people causes us to learn to adapt to others, and implies empathy, downtime, fun, and sense of company and community.

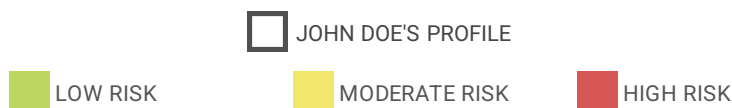
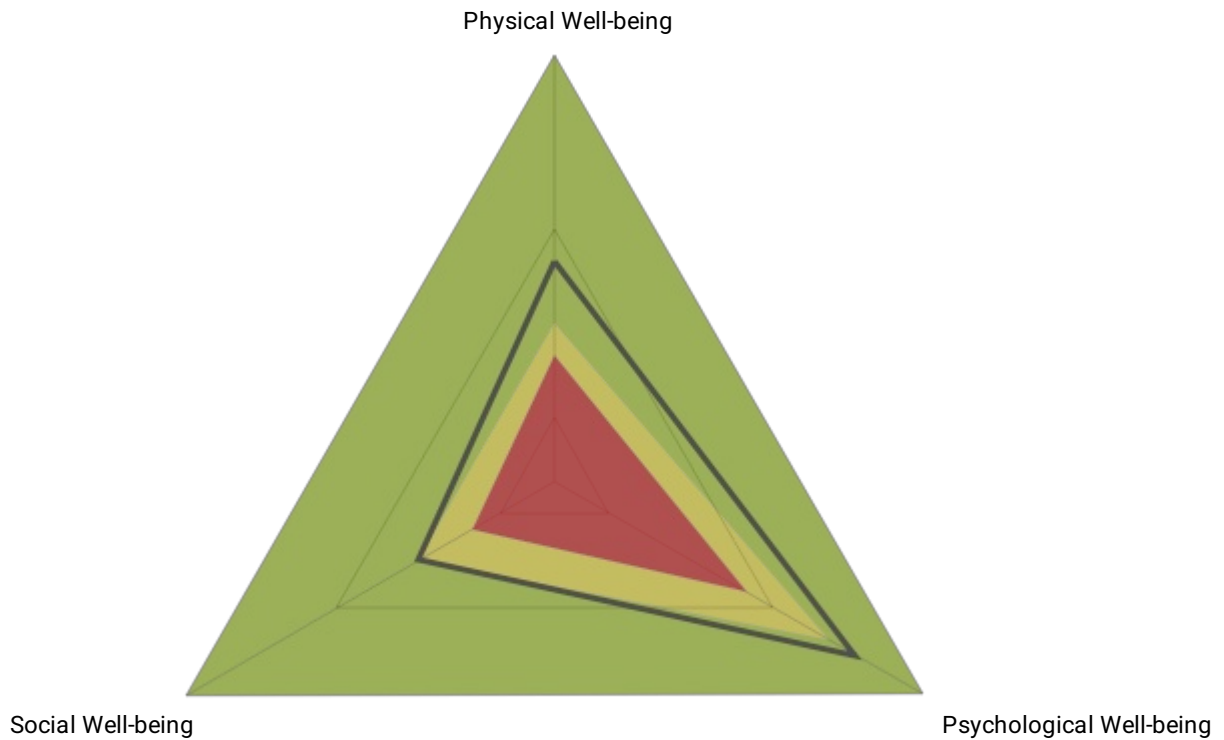




GOOD WELL-BEING

COMPLETE WELL-BEING REPORT FOR JOHN DOE

According to the results, John Doe shows an index of social well-being that could be improved. It would be a good idea to bring this information to a professional.





IN DETAIL:

**PHYSICAL WELL-BEING****GOOD WELL-BEING**

John Doe shows a good index in the area of physical well-being. Studies have related physical well-being with the absence of diseases and as a prevention mechanism, which makes it possible to enjoy good physical and mental health.

**PSYCHOLOGICAL WELL-BEING****GOOD WELL-BEING**

John Doe shows a good index in the area of psychological well-being. Psychological well-being is how well our mental and emotional processes function, as well as the manner in which our cognition makes it possible to carry-out a number of tasks, like reading a book, shopping, remembering plans, having a conversation with friends, or solving every-day problems.



SOCIAL WELL-BEING

MODERATE WELL-BEING

John Doe has shown a moderate social well-being index. Social well-being is the perception and relationship that we have with others. Rich and healthy relationships make it possible for the brain to adapt to different opinions, understand others, become more empathetic.

John Doe has responded negatively to the following items that are related to high social well-being:

- Has friends and makes plans with them.
- Is a student.

02 COGNITIVE PROFILE

In this section, you will see a circular diagram next to each evaluated area, which will indicate the user's score based on their percentile and normalized for their age and gender. For example, a score of 500 would be calculated depending on the user's age group. CogniFit's values are calculated in percentiles but are shown adjusted on a scale of 0-800. As such, the higher score, the better.



JOHN DOE'S RESULTS FROM THE EVALUATION SHOW A HIGH-PERFORMANCE COGNITIVE PROFILE.



REASONING



295/800

Ability to efficiently use (organize, relate, etc.) acquired information.

MEMORY



555/800

Ability to retain and manipulate new information and recover past memories.

ATTENTION



309/800

The ability to filter distractions and concentrate on relevant information.

COORDINATION



383/800

The ability to efficiently and precisely carry out organized movements.

PERCEPTION



438/800


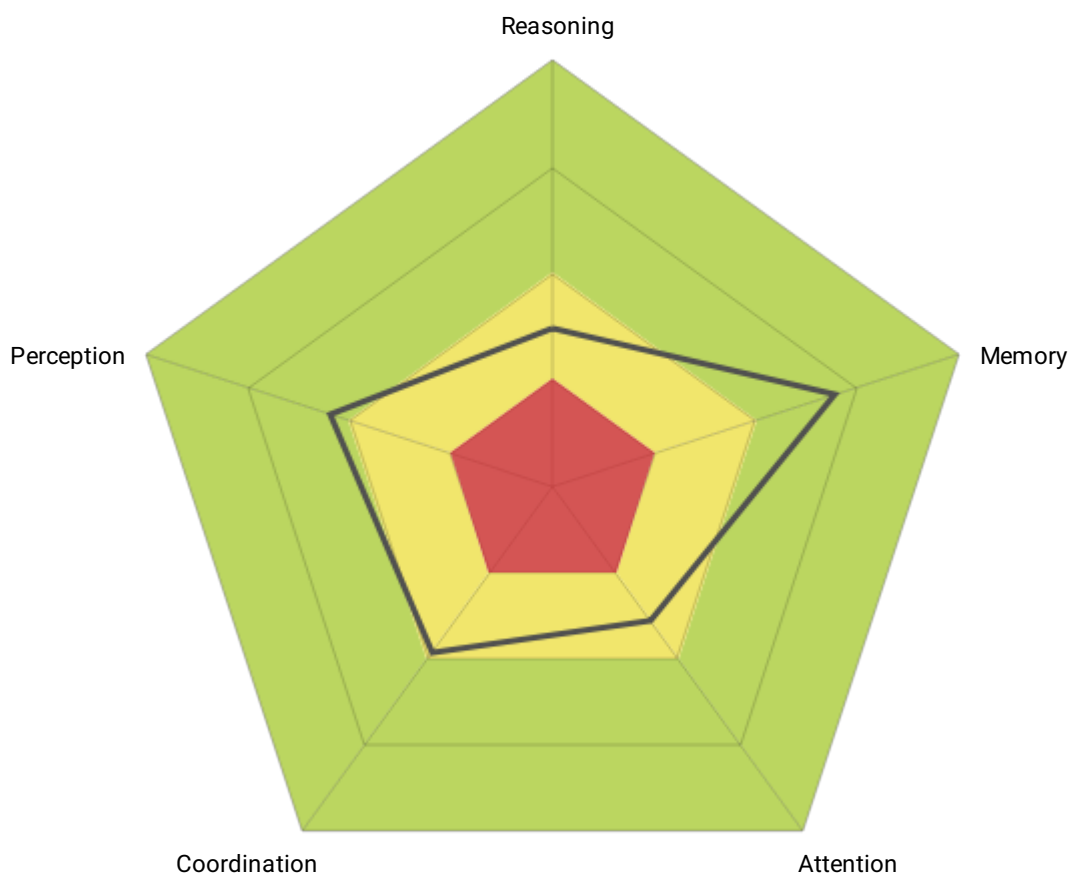
Ability to interpret stimuli from the environment.



GOOD WELL-BEING

COMPLETE COGNITIVE REPORT FOR JOHN DOE

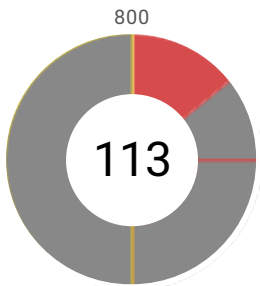
John Doe shows an **excellent cognitive profile**. The results from the evaluation show that John Doe's **strengths** are memory and perception, while while reasoning, attention and coordination are **areas of improvement**. No cognitive weaknesses have been found in John Doe's cognitive profile.

 JOHN DOE'S PROFILE LOW RISK MODERATE RISK HIGH RISK

IN DETAIL: COGNITIVE AREAS

REASONING

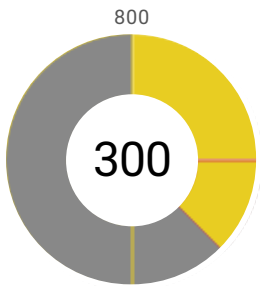
295/800



PROCESSING SPEED

Score Received: 113

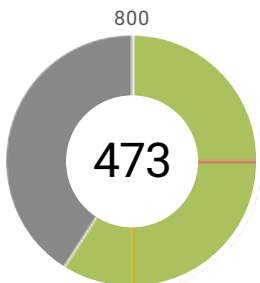
John Doe has received a low score in processing speed. Processing speed can be defined as the time it takes a person to do a mental task. Example: recognizing simple visual patterns in visual exploration tasks, judging which tests will require decision making, doing mental math, or perform reasoning tasks under pressure.



SHIFTING

Score Received: 300

John Doe has received a moderate score in the area of shifting. It's the ability to redirect attention from one information channel to another. For example, you're taking care of a baby. He is sound asleep and you start reading an interesting article in the newspaper. When you hear the baby cry, you immediately switch from reading to attending to the baby.



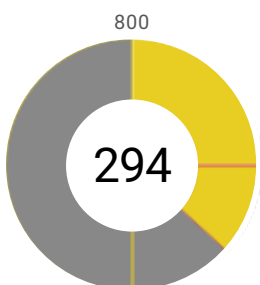
PLANNING

Score Received: 473

John Doe has received a high score in the area of planning. It is the ability to "think into future" and mentally anticipate the best way to carry-out a task. Example: You're going to have a busy day, so you'll have to plan your time to make sure you're able to make it to work, to the gym, the bank, and your family dinner.

MEMORY

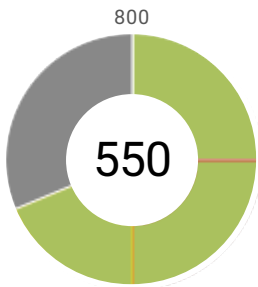
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NAMING

Score Received: 294

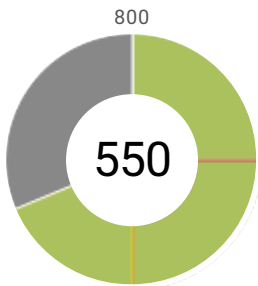
John Doe has received a moderate score in naming. It is the ability to remember and recover a word from our vocabulary, people's names, animals, objects, etc. Example, you're walking down the street and see someone you went to school with. You have to remember their name quickly and without hesitation.



PHONOLOGICAL SHORT-TERM MEMORY

Score Received: 550

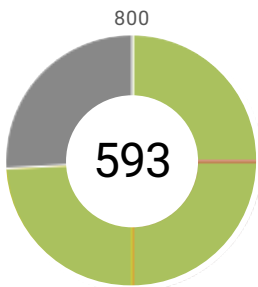
John Doe has received a high score in phonological short-term memory. It is the ability to remember phonological information over a short period of time. Example: As you listen to the radio, you hear an ad that catches your attention. You memorize the store's phone number and hurry to write it down.



NON-VERBAL MEMORY

Score Received: 550

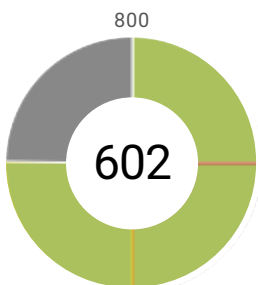
John Doe has received a high score in non-verbal memory, which is the ability to code, store, and recover information about faces, shapes, images, songs, sounds, smells, tastes, and feelings. Example: Remembering the melody of a classical piece of music requires our non-verbal memory.



SHORT-TERM MEMORY

Score Received: 593

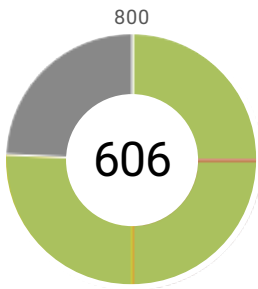
John Doe has received a high score in short-term memory. Short-term memory is the ability to remember a small amount of information that will be used in a short period of time. Example: It's commonly accepted that we are able to store 7 ± 2 elements in our short-term memory, like a phone number, street number, or someone's name who you have just met.



VISUAL SHORT-TERM MEMORY

Score Received: 602

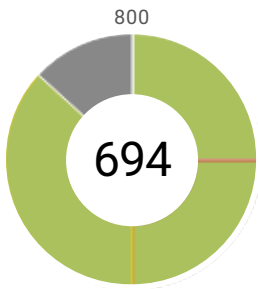
John Doe has received a high score in the area of visual short-term memory, which is the ability to temporarily remember a small amount of visual information. Example: While you're driving on the highway, you pass a sign with the 4 closest destinations. After a few seconds, you try to remember the distance to each of the destinations.



CONTEXTUAL MEMORY

Score Received: 606

John Doe has received a high score in the area of contextual memory, which is the ability to memorize and recognize the real source of a specific memory. Example: Someone tells you a story and you realize that you've heard it before. You think about it and remember that your grandma told you years ago on a rainy afternoon.



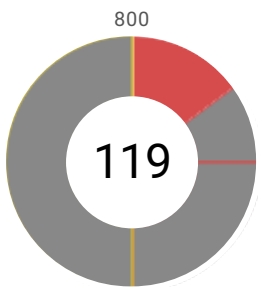
WORKING MEMORY

Score Received: 694

John Doe has received a high score in the area of working memory, which refers to the temporary storage and manipulation of the information necessary for complex cognitive tasks. Example: When you're at the grocery store, you realize that you left your credit card at home and only have \$50 in cash. You look at your cart and add up the price of all of the items that you have and remember the total. You then realize that you can't buy anything else and go to check out.

ATTENTION

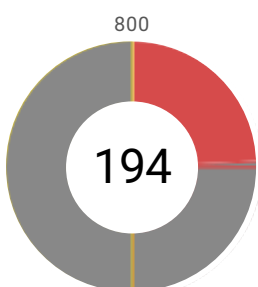
309/800



FOCUSED ATTENTION

Score Received: 119

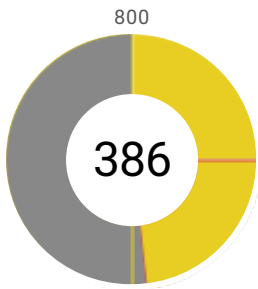
John Doe has received a low score in the area of focused attention, which is the ability to manage different visual and auditory stimuli over a period of time in order to prioritize actions. Example: In our day-to-day lives, we constantly use focus, such as when something falls on the floor, when making food or when cleaning up breadcrumbs from the table.



DIVIDED ATTENTION

Score Received: 194

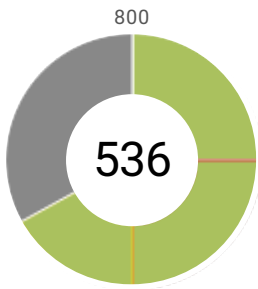
John Doe has received a low score in the area of divided attention, which is the ability to do more than one action at a time, paying attention to a few different stimuli at a time. Example: You're watching TV with a friend and they put on a movie that you've already seen, so you divide your attention between the movie and your phone.



INHIBITION

Score Received: 386

John Doe has received a moderate score in the area of inhibition, which is the ability control impulsive (or automatic) responses and create responses by using attention and reasoning. Example: When we are working, inhibition helps us to avoid the temptation to use the mobile phone, to doodle, to get up, and so on.



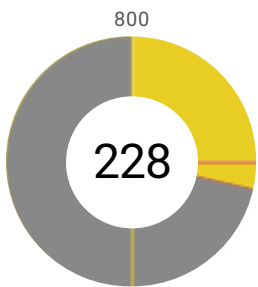
UPDATING

Score Received: 536

John Doe has received a high score in the area of updating, which is the ability to supervise the action that is being carried out in order to ensure that it is being properly completed. Example: If we are on our way to an important meeting, we must make sure we are taking the correct route. We will use updating to check that we are on the right track, especially if there are any streets cut or if you have to take a detour.

COORDINATION

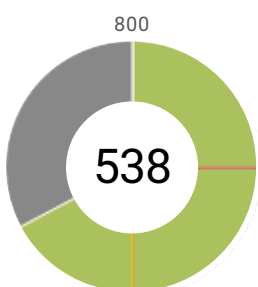
383/800



RESPONSE TIME

Score Received: 228

John Doe has received a moderate score in the area of response time, which is the ability to perceive and respond to a simple stimulus. Example: You're driving on the road and see that the car in front of you starts breaking suddenly. You need to respond quickly in order to avoid a crash.



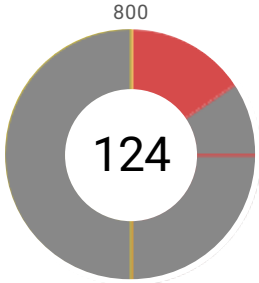
HAND-EYE COORDINATION

Score Received: 538

John Doe has received a high score in hand-eye coordination, which is the ability to do activities that require the simultaneous use of our hands and eyes. Example: When you realize that you need to take out money from an ATM, you need to coordinate your hands and eyes in order to hit the right buttons on the screen.

PERCEPTION

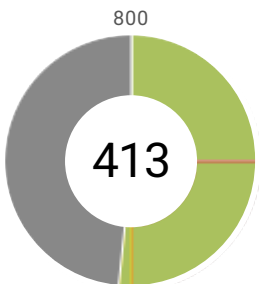
438/800



VISUAL SCANNING

Score Received: 124

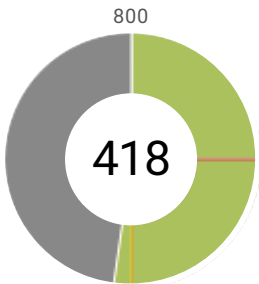
John Doe has received a low score in the area of visual scanning, which is the ability to recognize pertinent information from your environment quickly and efficiently. Example: A wide variety of sports require agile and precise detection of relevant stimuli (team-mates, rivals, a ball, a goal). If we want to pass the ball to a team-mate we will have to do a visual search to find them on the playing field, taking into account that every second is important.



VISUAL PERCEPTION

Score Received: 413

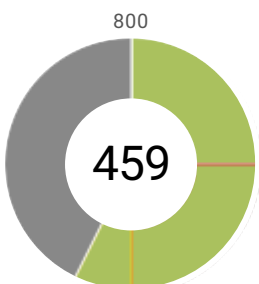
John Doe has received a high score in the area of visual perception, which is the ability to interpret the information that the eye perceives from the visual stimuli in the environment. Example: You walk down a street looking at a bus. As you approach it, its image on the retina of your eye becomes larger and larger. Certain proportions also change. However, your brain does not interpret these changes as real changes in the bus itself. You keep "seeing" the bus as the same object, no matter how close or how far away you are from it.



SPATIAL PERCEPTION

Score Received: 418

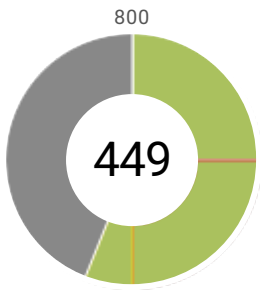
John Doe has received a high score in the area of spatial perception, which is the ability to evaluate how things are organized in space, and understand their relationship to their environment. Example: You decide to visit the new cafeteria at the mall. When you arrive, take a look at the map, locate the cafeteria in question and follow the right path to get there.



ESTIMATION

Score Received: 459

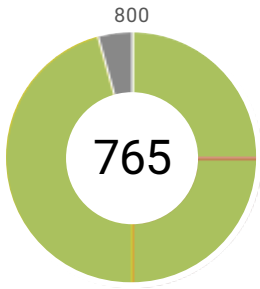
John Doe has received a high score in the area of estimation, which is the ability to estimate the future location of an object based on speed and distance. Example: You're driving your car and have to move lanes in order to pass another car. To do this, you have to look around and estimate the speed and distance of the other card on the road in order to avoid an accident.



AUDITORY PERCEPTION

Score Received: 449

John Doe has received a high score in the area of auditory perception, which is the ability to perceive the difference between sounds. Example: You hear a car honking, your friend talking, and a phone ringing.



RECOGNITION

Score Received: 765

John Doe has received a high score in the area of recognition, which is the ability to identify stimuli, like situations, places, people, objects, etc. that you have seen before. This makes it possible to recognize people, places, and things. Example: If someone greets you on the street, you use recognition to find out if the person's face or voice is familiar to you and identify who they are.

03 CONCLUSIONS

John Doe has shown good scores in the area of physical, cognitive, and social well-being. This means that we recommend continuing with enjoying a healthy lifestyle, social relations, and training cognitive skills.

In addition to the interpretation of the areas and cognitive profile assessed, the following criteria must be taken into account by a qualified professional:

General criteria from the questionnaire that John Doe responded YES to:

- Uses glasses or contact lenses.
- Is right-handed.
- Frequently uses a tablet or touchscreen.

General criteria from the questionnaire that John Doe responded NO to:

- Uses hearing aids.
- Frequently uses a computer mouse.

CONCLUSIONS

According to the data, John Doe has good physical, social, and/or cognitive well-being, but John Doe may have some kind of difficulty that hasn't been evaluated. We recommend bringing this information to a professional.

Start a cognitive training program to keep cognitive strengths in good condition and improve the weaker skills. At CogniFit, we have a series of games to train executive functions and other cognitive abilities.

Please make sure that all of the questions have been answered carefully and correctly and that the assessment was completed in a quiet room free from distractions, as this may alter results. The data in this report corresponds to a specific time in John Doe's life and may vary over time.